		CM-010
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar Stacey Simon (SBN 203987) Mono County Cunnsel P.O. Box 2415	number, and address):	FILED
Mammoth Lakes, CA 93546 TELEPHONE NO: 530=758-2377 ATTORNEY FOR (Name) County of Mono	fax no. 530-758-7169	AUG 1 5 2018
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF M STREET ADDRESS: 100 Thompsons Way MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 1037 CITY AND ZIP CODE: Mammoth Lakes, CA BRANCH NAME: Mammoth Lakes		SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA BY: KARWAY OF MOND
CASE NAME: County of Mono v. City of Los Ange	eles, et al	
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER: CV180078
✓ Unlimited Limited (Amount (Amount demanded demanded is exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	Counter Joinder Filed with first appearance by defen (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	dant JUDGE: MARK MAGIT
Items 1–6 bel	ow must be completed (see instructions	
	Contract Breach of contract/warranty (06) Rule 3.740 collections (09) Other collections (09) Insurance coverage (18) Other contract (37) Real Property Eminent domain/Inverse condemnation (14) Wrongful eviction (33) Other real property (26) Unlawful Detainer Commercial (31) Residential (32) Drugs (38) Judicial Review Asset forfeiture (05) Petition re: arbitration award (11) Writ of mandate (02) Other judicial review (39)	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400–3.403) Antitrust/Trade regulation (03) Construction defect (10) Mass tort (40) Securities litigation (28) Environmental/Toxic tort (30) Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41) Enforcement of Judgment Enforcement of judgment (20) Miscellaneous Civil Complaint RICO (27) Other complaint (not specified above) (42) Miscellaneous Civil Petition Partnership and corporate governance (21) Other petition (not specified above) (43)
factors requiring exceptional judicial manages. a. Large number of separately representations. b. Extensive motion practice raising of issues that will be time-consuming c. Substantial amount of documentary.	difficult or novel e. Coordination to resolve Large numbers	er of witnesses with related actions pending in one or more courts ties, states, or countries, or in a federal court ostjudgment judicial supervision
 3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a. 4. Number of causes of action (specify): On 5. This case is is is not a clas 6. If there are any known related cases, file and 	e s action suit.	declaratory or injunctive relief c. punitive
Date: August 15, 2018 Stacey Simon	· Al	aughman
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the fi under the Probate Code, Family Code, or V in sanctions. File this cover sheet in addition to any cove	NOTICE rst paper filed in the action or proceedir Velfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rul r sheet required by local court rule. seq. of the California Rules of Court, you	es of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result u must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California CM-010 [Rev. July 1, 2007]	CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Cal Rules of Court, rules 2.30, 3.220, 3.400–3.403, 3.740; Cal Standards of Judicial Administration, std. 3.10 www.courtinfo.ca.gov

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		AUG 1 5 2018	
1	STACEY SIMON (SBN 203987)	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA	
2	County Counsel JASON CANGER (SBN 296596)	COUNTY OF MONO BY: <u>AY RICHMOND</u>	
	Deputy County Counsel	BY TAY RIGHMOND	
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12	Zinan. domodicy a demorg		
	Attorneys for Petitioner		
13	COUNTY OF MONO		
14	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF T	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
15	FOR THE COUNT	TY OF MONO	
16	COLINTY OF MONO		
17	COUNTY OF MONO,	Case No. 0180078	
18	Petitioners)	
	<u>.</u> .	NOTICE OF BREDAD ATION	
19	V.	NOTICE OF PREPARATION OF RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS	
20	CITY OF LOS ANGELES, LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND POWER;))	
21	LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF WATER		
22	AND POWER BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS; and, DOES 1 through 20;		
23	Respondents/Defendants		
24	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FISH		
25	AND WILDLIFE; and DOES 21 through 40)	
26	Real Parties in Interest		
27			
28			

TO RESPONDENTS CITY OF LOS ANGELES, LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND POWER LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND **POWER BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS:**

In this action, Petitioner COUNTY OF MONO respectfully petitions this Court for a Writ of Mandate directed to Respondents CITY OF LOS ANGELES, THE LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND POWER ("LADWP") BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS; AND THE LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND POWER. Petitioner challenges LADWP's decision and/or action to curtail and/or reduce water deliveries to lands in Mono County owned by LADWP in order to export additional water to the City of Los Angeles, and associated change to the historic management of those lands ("Project") on the grounds that LADWP failed to comply with the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), Public Resources Code, section 21000 et seq.

Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21167.6(b)(2), Petitioner hereby elects to prepare the record of proceedings related to this action. The record will be organized chronologically, paginated consecutively, and indexed so that each document may be clearly identified as to its content and source, in a form and format consistent with the California Rules of Court, Rule 3.1365.

Petitioner will include in the record of proceedings all documents, including transcripts, minutes of meetings, notices, correspondence, reports, studies, proposed decisions, final drafts and any other documents or records relating to Respondents' determination to approve the Project.

Dated: August 15, 2018 Respectfully submitted,

LAW OFFICE OF DONALD B. MOONEY

Donald B. Mooney Attorney for Petitioner County of Mono

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FILED

AUG 1 5 2018 STACEY SIMON (SBN 203987) 1 County Counsel SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA 2 BY: KAY RICHMOND JASON CANGER (SBN 296596) Deputy County Counsel 3 **COUNTY OF MONO** P.O. Box 2415 4 Mammoth Lakes, CA 93546 Telephone: (760) 924-1700 5 Facsimile: (760) 924-1701 6 Email: ssimon@mono.ca.gov jcanger@mono.ca.gov 7 DONALD B. MOONEY (SBN 153721) 8 LAW OFFICES OF DONALD B. MOONEY 9 417 Mace Blvd, Suite J-334 Davis, California 95618 10 Telephone: (530) 758-2377 Facsimile: (530) 758-7169 11 Email: dbmooney@dcn.org 12 Attorneys for Petitioner **COUNTY OF MONO** 13 14 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 15 FOR THE COUNTY OF MONO 16 Case No. 00078 COUNTY OF MONO, 17 **Petitioners** 18 **VERIFIED PETITION FOR** V. 19 WRIT OF MANDATE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, LOS ANGELES 20 DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND POWER: LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF WATER 21 AND POWER BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS; 22 and, DOES 1 through 20; Respondents/Defendants 23 24 CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE; and DOES 21 through 40 25 Real Parties in Interest 26 27

INTRODUCTION

- 1. Petitioner COUNTY OF MONO ("Petitioner" or "County") respectfully petitions this Court for a Writ of Mandate directed to the Respondents CITY OF LOS ANGELES, THE LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND POWER BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS; AND THE LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND POWER (collectively, "Respondents"). Petitioner challenges Respondents' decision and/or action to change its historic land management practices including curtailing and/or reducing water deliveries to lands in Mono County owned by the City of Los Angeles on the grounds that Respondent failed to comply with the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), Public Resources Code, section 21000 et seq.
- 2. Petitioner seeks a determination from this Court that Respondents' decision/action to modify more than seventy years of its land management practices by significantly reducing water deliveries to approximately 6,400 acres of land in Mono County owned by the City of Los Angeles, undertaking direct management of portions of those lands itself and increasing the amount of water it exports from Mono County, ("Project") is invalid and void and fails to satisfy the requirements of CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines, Title 14, California Code of Regulations, section 15000 et seq ("CEQA Guidelines").
- 3. Respondents' change in management practices, including curtailment of the supply of water on the Los Angeles-owned lands within Mono County and increased water export, will have/has had significant and irreparable environmental impacts to wildlife by destroying wetlands and meadows and eliminating habitat for sensitive species such as the Bi-State Sage Grouse. The Project has also adversely affected visual/aesthetic resources adjacent to State-designated scenic Highway 395 in Mono County, adversely affected recreational resources and significantly increased the risk of wildfires, which would threaten residences, communities and property within Mono County adjacent to these Los Angeles-owned lands.
- 4. Prior to changing its historic land management practices, reducing the amount of water supplied to the 6,400 acres and thereby increasing the amount of water exported from

Mono County, Respondents did not conduct any environmental review under CEQA. Thus, neither decisionmakers nor the public were provided information regarding the potential significant impacts that such decision/action may have on biological resources such as the Bi-State Sage Grouse or other species, visual/aesthetic resources, recreational resources, wetlands, and public safety.

PARTIES

- 5. Petitioner is a political subdivision of the State of California. The County and its citizens will be directly affected by the impacts of the Project. The County and its citizens have a particular interest in the protection of the environment of Mono County and are concerned about deteriorating environmental and land use conditions that detrimentally affect their well being and that of other residents and visitors of Mono County. The County and its citizens have a direct and substantial beneficial interest in ensuring that Respondents comply with laws relating to environmental protection. The County and its citizens are adversely affected by Respondents' failure to comply with CEQA in significantly curtailing water deliveries to Los Angeles-owned lands in Mono County.
- 6. Respondent City of Los Angeles is a municipal corporation under the laws of the State of California. At all times relevant to this Petition, Respondent City of Los Angeles exported and continues to export surface water from Mono County for use in areas outside of Mono County and in the City of Los Angeles.
- 7. Respondent Los Angeles Department of Water and Power ("LADWP") is a political subdivision of the City. Under the City of Los Angeles's charter, LADWP manages and controls the City's properties and assets in Mono County.
- 8. Respondent LADWP Board of Commissioners ("LADWP Board") governs LADWP. LADWP is the lead agency under CEQA responsible for the preparation an environmental document for the Project.
- 9. Petitioner is unaware of the true names and identities of DOES 1 through 20 and sue such unnamed Respondents by their fictitious names. Petitioner is informed and believes,

and thereon alleges, that fictitiously named Defendants also are responsible for all acts and omissions described in this Petition. When the true identities and capacities of Respondents have been determined, Petitioner will, with leave of Court if necessary, amend this Petition to include such identities and capacities.

- 10. Real Party in Interest California Department of Fish and Wildlife ("CDFW") is a political subdivision of the State of California. CDFW is a trustee agency under CEQA responsible for the protection of the Bi-State Sage Grouse and other trust resources within Mono County.
- 11. Petitioner is unaware of the true names and identities of DOES 21 through 40 and sue such unnamed Real Parties in Interests by their fictitious names. Petitioner is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that fictitiously named Real Parties in Interest have an interest in the subject of this Petition. When the true identities and capacities of Real Parties in Interests have been determined, Petitioner will, with leave of Court if necessary, amend this Petition to include such identities and capacities.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A. RESPONDENTS' ACQUISITION OF LAND AND WATER RIGHTS IN MONO COUNTY

- 12. In the early part of the twentieth century, Respondent City of Los Angeles surreptitiously acquired land and water rights throughout the Eastern Sierra area, including in Mono County, as part of a plan by William Mulholland and others to construct an aqueduct to export water from the Eastern Sierra area to the then-developing City of Los Angeles. As a result, Respondents now own over 62,000 acres of land in Mono County and export vast amounts of water from Mono County.
- 13. Approximately 6,400 acres of Los Angeles-owned land in the Long Valley and Little Round Valley areas of Mono County has historically been leased and supplied with water for cattle grazing. Under the leases, up to 5 acre feet of water per acre (AF/acre) per year has been provided by LADWP to the lessees of the land to enable them to conduct cattle grazing operations and to create wetland and meadow habitat. The leases require that the lessees

maintain and manage the lands.

- 14. LADWP has provided an average of approximately 25,000 30,000 acre feet (AF) of water to these lands for more than 70 years, with the exception of 2015, the peak of the California drought, when by agreement with the lessees, no water was provided. Additionally, in 2016, the first year of recovery following the drought, when supplies had been depleted, LADWP provided only 4,600 AF of water (0.71 AF/acre, approximately 20% of historic amounts) also by agreement with the lessees.
- 15. Water supplied by LADWP through the leases and applied to the lands by the lessees has resulted in the creation, preservation, conservation, and restoration of biological and scenic resources in Mono County, including wetland and meadow habitat which provides forage and habitat for the Bi-State Sage Grouse and other plant and animal species, is a scenic asset vital to Mono County's recreation economy, and provides a protective buffer against wildfire.

B. THE BI-STATE SAGE GROUSE

- 16. The Bi-State Distinctive Population Segment of the greater sage grouse ("Bi-State Sage Grouse") is a genetically unique meta-population that lives in the far southwestern limit of the species' range in California and Nevada. This genetic distinction may be the result of natural geologic events and subsequent long-term geographic isolation based on prevailing physiographic and habitat conditions.
- 17. The range of the Bi-State Sage Grouse covers an area approximately 170-miles long and up to 60 miles wide and includes portions of five counties in western Nevada: Douglas, Lyon, Carson City, Mineral, and Esmeralda; and three counties in eastern California: Alpine, Mono, and Inyo.
- 18. Sage-grouse depend on a variety of shrub steppe vegetation communities throughout their life cycle and are considered obligate users of several species of sagebrush...
- 19. The 6,400 acres of Los Angeles-owned land in the Long Valley area of Mono County and historically irrigated and managed by the lessees serves as habitat crucial to the conservation of Bi-State Sage Grouse, supporting one of only two core Bi-State Sage Grouse

populations in the bi-state area, with 30% of the entire Bi-State Sage Grouse population within California.

- 20. A 2012 Bi-State Action Plan identifies management actions and goals for the protection of the Bi-State Sage Grouse. The plan clearly states that irrigated meadows provide crucial habitat for successful brood rearing.
- 21. In 2015, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service decided not to list the Bi-State Sage Grouse as endangered or threatened under the federal Endangered Species Act ("ESA") because of the unified conservation efforts of local, state and federal agencies, non-profit organizations, and local landowners. These stakeholders combined to develop a conservation plan as an alternative to listing the species under the ESA. This effort was spearheaded by individuals, agencies, landowners and organizations in both California and Nevada, including Mono County, who gathered together to form a working group to identify management measures to sustain the species and prevents its listing under the ESA.
- 22. While sage-grouse adults may be able to subsist wholly on sagebrush leaves during the winter, the baby birds need the insects found amongst the forbs and grasses in wet meadows and irrigated pastures found in the spring and summer.

C. RESPONDENTS' DECISION/ACTION TO SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCE OR ELIMINATE WATER DELIVERIES IN MONO COUNTY

- 23. In March 2018, LADWP provided lessees in the Long Valley and Little Round Valley areas of Mono County new proposed leases, which provided that no irrigation water would be supplied to the 6,400 acres leased for ranching. Historically, leases provided up to 5 AF/acre per year or up to approximately 31,000 AFY in total. LADWP's new proposed leases would have eliminated this entire amount beginning in the Summer of 2018.
- 24. On April 19, 2018, the County sent a letter to Los Angeles Mayor Eric Garcetti detailing the potential impacts of LADWP's proposal and identifying the need for LADWP to comply with state and federal environmental laws prior to adopting the new leases. The County also appealed to the Mayor's interests both in sustainability and in maintaining the longstanding

relationship between the City and the County.

- 25. On May 1, 2018, Mayor Garcetti responded by stating that LADWP would analyze the environmental impacts of the new proposed "waterless" leases and that LADWP would provide lessees some amount of water to apply to the lands in the meantime (i.e., for the 2018 irrigation season) pursuant to then-expired leases.
- 26. On May 1, 2018, LADWP notified the lessees that the amount of irrigation water to be provided in 2018 would be only 4,600 AF (or 0.71 AF/acre), well below the historic annual average supplied to the 6,400 acres (with the exception of drought year 2015 and recovery year 2016), despite 2017 having been the wettest year on record in over fifty years and anticipated runoff for 2018 forecast at 78% of normal.
- 27. On May 3, 2018, the County responded to Respondents and requested that LADWP continue its practice of providing up to 5 AF/acre, agreeing that it could be offset based on snowpack and anticipated runoff (78% of anticipated runoff for 2018).
- 28. LADWP refused and instead provided only 4,600 AF (or 0.71 AF/acre) for Summer 2018, with no commitment of any water in future years.
- 29. Following notification by the County and others that its plan would impact the Bi-State Sage Grouse, LADWP determined that it would deliver and spread an additional 500 AF of water to an area within the 6,400 acres known to support Bi-State Sage Grouse populations based on its own calculation of when and how much water was needed for the Sage Grouse. This delivery began in on June 19 and was originally scheduled to end August 4. Subsequently, LADWP stated that it would continue this delivery through the end of August, resulting in a total additional delivery of approximately 1,100 AF. LADWP provided no scientific basis for its initial reduction to 4,600 AF provided through the leases, nor for this minimal increase outside of the leases and conducted no environmental review prior to taking these decisions/actions.
- D. ELIMINATION AND REDUCTION OF WATER DELIVERIES WILL HAVE SIGNIFICANT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS
 - 30. LADWP's significant curtailment of water deliveries in 2018 to its leased lands

has dried up wetlands and meadows that are dependent on the supply of irrigation water and resulting in potentially significant and irreparable impacts to biological resources including the Bi-State Sage Grouse and other plant and animal species.

31. LADWP's significant curtailment of water deliveries to leased lands and to habitat for Bi-State Sage Grouse has had and will continue to have potentially significant and irreparable impacts to wetlands, visual/aesthetic resources, and to public health and safety in terms of increased risk of wildfires in Mono County due to the creation of dry fire fuel and incursion of invasive species such as cheatgrass, tumble mustard, and bull thistle.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 32. This Court has jurisdiction over the matters alleged in this Petition pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1085, and Public Resources Code section 21168.5. In the alternative, this Court has jurisdiction pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5 and Public Resources Code section 21168.
- 33. Pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 394(a), venue is proper in this Court because the Project is being carried out and implemented within Mono County.

EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES AND INADEQUACY OF REMEDY

- 34. Petitioner has performed any and all conditions precedent to filing the instant action and has exhausted any and all available administrative remedies to the extent required by law.
- 35. LADWP provided no administrative process prior to its decision/action to change its historic water supply practices and significantly reduce the amount of water supplied to the 6,400 acres of leased lands in Long Valley and Little Round Valley; thus, Petitioner was unable to participate in such a process. Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21177(e), the requirement to exhaust administrative remedies is inapplicable when there was no public hearing or other opportunity for members of the public to raise objections before approval of a project.
- 36. Petitioner has complied with the requirements of Public Resources Code section 21167.5 by mailing written notice of this action to the Respondents. A copy of this written notice and proof of service are attached as Exhibit A to this Petition for Writ of Mandate.

- 37. Petitioner has no plain, speedy, or adequate remedy in the course of ordinary law unless this Court grants the requested writ of mandate to require Respondents to set aside their decision/action to significantly reduce water deliveries to the 6,400 acres of lands leased by Los Angeles to lessees in Mono County in 2018. In the absence of such remedies, LADWP's decision to reduce water deliveries in Mono County will remain in violation of state law.
- 38. As required by Public Resources Code section 21167(a), this action has been brought within 180 days of Respondents' decision/action to reduce water deliveries to Los Angeles-owned lands in Mono County and export additional amounts from Mono County, which commenced on or about May 1, 2018.

STANDING

39. Petitioner has standing to assert the claims raised in this Petition because Petitioner and its citizens' environmental interests are directly and adversely affected by Respondents' discretionary decision/action to reduce water deliveries in Mono County.

CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of the California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code, § 21000 et seq.)

- 40. Petitioner realleges and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 39, inclusive, of this Petition, as if fully set forth below.
- 41. Respondents' decision/action to changes its historic land management practices and significantly reduce water deliveries to the 6,400 acres of Los Angeles-owned lands in Mono County in order to increase water export constitutes an approval of a project that mandates compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code, section 21000 *et seq*.
- 42. CEQA defines a "project" as "an activity that may cause either a direct physical change in the environment, or a reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment, which constitutes an activity directly undertaken by any public agency." (Pub. Resources Code, § 21065.)

- 43. The CEQA Guidelines further define a "project" as "the whole of an action, which has a potential for resulting in either a direct physical change in the environment, or a reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment" and that is an activity directly undertaken by any public agency activity which is being approved and which may be subject to several discretionary approvals by governmental agencies. (CEQA Guidelines, § 15378(a)(1).)
- 44. The term "approval" refers to a public agency decision that commits the agency to a definite course of action in regard to a project. (CEQA Guidelines, § 15352(a).) The definition of "approval" applies to all projects including actions authorized or carried out by a public agency. (*Id.*)
- 45. CEQA requires the preparation of an environmental document in order to identify the potentially significant effects on the environment of a project, so that measures to mitigate or avoid those effects, or alternatives that avoid those effects, can be devised. (Pub. Resources Code, §§ 21002.1(a), 21100; CEQA Guidelines, §§ 15070, 15081.) Compliance with the procedural requirements of CEQA sets the stage for development of mitigation measures and alternatives. Without a proper procedural foundation, an agency cannot comply with CEQA's mandate that public agencies should not approve projects as proposed if there are feasible alternatives or feasible mitigation measures available which would substantially lessen the significant environmental effects of such projects. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21002.)
- 46. "CEQA is a comprehensive scheme designed to provide long-term protection to the environment. [Citation.] In enacting CEQA, the Legislature declared its intention that all public agencies responsible for regulating activities affecting the environment give prime consideration to preventing environmental damage when carrying out their duties. [Citations.] CEQA is to be interpreted 'to afford the fullest possible protection to the environment within the reasonable scope of the statutory language.' [Citation.]" (Mountain Lion Foundation v. Fish & Game Com. (1997) 16 Cal.4th 105, 112.)

- 47. A fundamental goal of CEQA is to foster informed decision-making and to fully inform decisionmakers and the public about the project and its impacts. (CEQA Guidelines, § 15003.)
- 48. An environmental document must provide public agencies and the public in general with detailed information about the effect that a project is likely to have on the environment, to list ways in which the significant effects of a project might be minimized, and to indicate alternatives to such a project. (Pub. Resources Code, § 21061.)
- 49. CEQA requires that an agency provide full disclosure of a project's significant environmental effects so that decision makers and the public are informed of consequences before a project is approved, to ensure that government officials are held accountable for these consequences. (Laurel Heights Improvement Ass'n of San Francisco v. Regents of the University of California (1988) 47 Cal.3d 376, 392.)
- 50. Respondents' decision to significantly reduce water deliveries in to the 6,400 acres of Los Angeles-owned lands in the Long Valley and Little Round Valley area of Mono County constitutes an approval of a project under CEQA that may have potentially significant impacts to biological resources and public health and safety (fire hazards).
- 51. Respondents violated their duty to prepare an environment document as required by CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines. As such, Respondents' decision to significantly reduce water deliveries to the 6,400 acres of Los Angeles-owned lands in Mono County is contrary to law and constitutes a prejudicial abuse of discretion. Accordingly, Respondents' decision to significantly reduce water deliveries must be vacated and set aside.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Petitioner prays for judgment as follows:

1. That this Court issue a peremptory writ of mandate and Preliminary Injunction ordering Respondents to:

- vacate and set aside its decision/action to significantly curtail water (a) deliveries to the 6,400 acres of Los Angeles-owned land in the Long Valley and Little Round Valley areas of Mono County;
- direct Respondents to immediately resume supplying irrigation to the 6,400 (b) acres of Los Angeles-owned land in the Long Valley and Little Round Valley area of Mono County in an amount consistent with its historic water supply practices over the past seventy years and continue supplying such water until Respondents have prepared, circulated and considered a legally adequate environmental document under CEQA;
- prepare, circulate, and consider a legally adequate environmental (c) document under CEQA;
- suspend all activity that could result in any change or alteration to the (d) physical environment until Respondents have taken such actions as may be necessary to bring their determination, findings, or decision regarding the curtailment of water deliveries into compliance with CEQA;
 - 2. For Petitioners' costs associated with this action;
- For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure 3. section 1021.5; and
 - For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper. 4.

Respectfully submitted,

MONO COUNTY COUNSEL Dated: August 15, 2018

Stacey Simon

Attorney for Petitioner

County of Mono

Dated: August 14, 2018

LAW OFFICE OF DONALD B. MOONEY

Del B Thomy

VERIFICATION

I, Stacey Simon_the undersigned, certify and declare that I have read the foregoing Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate and know its contents. I am the County Counsel for Mono County, the Petitioner in this action, and am authorized to make this verification for and on its behalf, and I make this verification for that reason. I am informed and believe and on that ground allege that the matters stated in the Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate are true.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct. Executed this 15th day of August 2018, at Mammoth Lakes, California.

Stacey Simon

Mono County Counsel

EXHIBIT A

LAW OFFICE OF DONALD B. MOONEY

417 Mace Boulevard, Suite J-334 Davis, CA 95616 530-304-2424 dbmooney@dcn.org

August 14, 2018

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS AND ELECTRONIC MAIL

Holly L. Wolcott, City Clerk
City of Los Angeles
City Hall Office
200 N. Spring Street, Room 360
Los Angeles, CA 90012
CityClerk@lacity.org

David H. Wright, General Manager Board of Water and Power Commissioners Los Angeles Department of Water and Power 111 North Hope Street, Room 1555-H Los Angeles, CA 90012

Re: NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE CEQA PETITION

Dear Ms. Wolcott & Mr. Wright:

Please take notice that under Public Resources Code section 21167.5, Petitioner Mono County intends to file a Petition for Writ of Mandate in Mono County Superior Court under the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act against the City of Los Angeles, the Board of Commissioners of Los Angeles Department of Water and Power; and the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power. Petitioner will challenge LADWP's decision and/or action to curtail and/or reduce water deliveries to lands in Mono County owned by LADWP in order to export additional water to the City of Los Angeles, and associated change to the historic management of those lands ("Project") on the grounds that LADWP failed to comply with the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), Public Resources Code, section 21000 et seq.

The Petition for Writ of Mandate will request that the court direct Respondents to vacate and rescind approval of the Project. Additionally, the petition will seek Petitioner's costs and attorney's fees associated with this action.

Very truly yours,

Donald B. Mooney

Attorney for County of Mono

PROOF OF SERVICE

I am employed in the County of Yolo; my business address is 129 C Street, Suite 2 Davis, California; I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the foregoing action. On August 14, 2018, I served a true and correct copy of as follows:

Notice of Intent to File CEQA Petition Public Resources Code section 21167.5

	(by mail) on all parties in said action listed below, in accordance with Code of Civil dure §1013a(3), by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope in a I States mailbox in Davis, California.
X forth b	(by overnight delivery service) via Federal Express to the person at the address set below:
 phone	(by facsimile transmission) and via Federal Express to the person at the address and number set forth below:
<u>X</u>	(by electronic mail) to the person at the electronic mail address set forth below:
	Holly L. Wolcott, City Clerk City of Los Angeles City Hall Office 200 N. Spring Street, Room 360 Los Angeles, CA 90012 CityClerk@lacity.org
	David H. Wright, General Manager Board of Water and Power Commissioners Los Angeles Department of Water and Power 111 North Hope Street, Room 1555-H

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed August 14, 2018, at Davis, California.

Los Angeles, CA 90012 David.Wright@ladwp.com

Donald B. Mooney